# **STRUCTURAL DESIGN**

# **SUMMARY CALCULATIONS REPORT**

for

**TRANSIT CENTER** 



BY: Eng. Ali Akbar Shaikhzadeh DATE: 07 Oct 2018

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|                                       | Project                  | Job Ref. |            |
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| Towsree Thatr<br>Construction Company | E. Ali Akbar Shaikhzadeh |          | 4/8/2016   |

# **PROJECT INFORMATION**

| Client                                     | Norwegian Refugee Council            |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| Type of project                            | Residential Building                 |
| Project Location                           | Nimrooz, Afghanistan                 |
|  |                                      |
| Type of main framing                       | Reinforced concrete beams & columns  |
| Type of slabs                              | Reinforced concrete slabs            |
| Type of foundation                         | Reinforced concrete strip foundation |
| Type of seismic resisting system           | Intermediate moment frame            |
|  |                                      |
| Loading design code (live, seismic, snow,) | ASCE 7-16                            |
| Concrete design code                       | ACI 318-14                           |
| Steel design code                          | Not Applicable                       |
|  |                                      |
| Structural designer(s)                     | Eng. Ali Akbar Shaikhzadeh           |
|  |                                      |

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# STRUCTURAL LOADING CRITERIA

### DEAD LOADS

#### **Exterior Walls**

| Layer Material                       | Thickness<br>(m) | Density<br>(kg/m³) | Weight/Area<br>(kg/m²) | Remarks |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------|
| Brick                                | 0.2              | 850                | 170                    |         |
| Grout (Gypsum & soil) for inner face | 0.02             | 1600               | 32                     |         |
| Finishing (inner face)               | 0.005            | 1300               | 6.5                    |         |
| Grout (cement) for outer face        | 0.04             | 2100               | 84                     |         |
| Light Stone (outer face)             | 0.025            | 2500               | 62.5                   |         |
|                                      |                  | Total Weight       | 355                    |         |

### Interior Walls (Partitions)

| Layer Material                       | Thickness | Density      | Weight/Area | Pemarks   |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|-----------|
|                                      | (m)       | (kg/m³)      | (kg/m²)     | INCINAINS |
| Brick                                | 0.1       | 850          | 85          |           |
| Grout (Gypsum & soil) for inner face | 0.02      | 1600         | 32          |           |
| Finishing (inner face)               | 0.005     | 1300         | 6.5         |           |
| Grout (Gypsum & soil) for outer face | 0.02      | 1600         | 32          |           |
| Finishing (outer face)               | 0.005     | 1300         | 6.5         |           |
|                                      |           | Total Weight | 162         |           |

### Floor Slabs (without the concrete slab)

| Layer Material                        | Thickness<br>(m) | Density<br>(kg/m³) | Weight/Area<br>(kg/m²) | Remarks |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------|
| Grout (cement) for top face           | 0.025            | 2100               | 52.5                   |         |
| Ceramics                              | 0.005            | 2100               | 10.5                   |         |
| Grout (Gypsum & soil) for bottom face | 0.02             | 1600               | 32                     |         |
| Finishing (bottom face)               | 0.005            | 1300               | 6.5                    |         |
|                                       |                  | Total Weight       | 101.5                  |         |

### Roof Slab (without the concrete slab)

| Laver Material                        | Thickness | Density      | Weight/Area | Pemarks  |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|----------|
| Layel Material                        | (m)       | (kg/m³)      | (kg/m²)     | Rellians |
| Asphalt                               | 0.03      | 2200         | 66          |          |
| Bitumen                               | -         | -            | 15          |          |
| Grout (cement) for top face           | 0.02      | 2100         | 42          |          |
| Lightweight concrete (Grading)        | 0.15      | 2100         | 315         |          |
| Grout (Gypsum & soil) for bottom face | 0.02      | 1600         | 32          |          |
| Finishing (bottom face)               | 0.005     | 1300         | 6.5         |          |
|                                       |           | Total Weight | 476.5       |          |

|                                     | Project                  | Job Ref. |            |
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#### Stairs

#### DEAD LOAD CALCULATIONS FOR RAMP OF STAIRS



| Size of Run (m)      | 0.3  |
|----------------------|------|
| Size of Rise (m)     | 0.15 |
| Angle of Ramp (deg.) | 31   |

| NOTE: Table calculations are for one step of the stairs and 1-m width (perpendicular to ramp direction) only. |                  |  |                                 |               |         |  |
|---|------------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------|---------|--|
| Layer Material  | Thickness<br>(m) | Projected Plan<br>Longitudinal Size<br>(m) | Density<br>(kg/m <sup>3</sup> ) | Weight/Length | Remarks |  |
| Thread stone  | 0.040            | 0.32                                       | 2500                            | 32.0          |         |  |
| Rise stone  | 0.020            | 0.11                                       | 2500                            | 5.5           |         |  |
| Grout under stones  | 0.020            | 0.37                                       | 2100                            | 15.5          |         |  |
| Brick (average height used)   | 0.055            | 0.26                                       | 1850                            | 26.5          |         |  |
| Concrete ramp   | 0.150            | 0.35                                       | 2500                            | 131.2         |         |  |
| Gypsum & soil   | 0.020            | 0.35                                       | 1600                            | 11.2          |         |  |
| Finishing (bottom face)   | 0.005            | 0.35                                       | 1300                            | 2.3           |         |  |
| Total Weight 224.2  |                  |  |                                 |               |         |  |

| Weight per 1-meter length of ramp  | 747.4 | kg/m  |
|--|-------|-------|
| If we multiply by one meter width, the total weight in one square meter is obtained. Thus: |       |       |
| Weight per 1-m <sup>2</sup> projected plan area of ramp                                    | 747.4 | kg/m² |

|            | Project                  |                | Job Ref.   |
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#### DEAD LOAD CALCULATIONS FOR LANDING OF STAIRS

| Layer Material          | Thickness<br>(m) | Projected Plan<br>Longitudinal Size<br>(m) | Density<br>(kg/m <sup>3</sup> ) | Weight/Area<br>(kg/m²) | Remarks |
|-------------------------|------------------|--|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------|
| Thread stone            | 0.040            | -  | 2500                            | 100.0                  |         |
| Grout under stones      | 0.020            | -  | 2100                            | 42.0                   |         |
| Concrete ramp           | 0.150            | -  | 2500                            | 375.0                  |         |
| Gypsum & soil           | 0.020            | -  | 1600                            | 32.0                   |         |
| Finishing (bottom face) | 0.005            | -  | 1300                            | 6.5                    |         |
|                         | •                |  | Total Weight                    | 555.5                  |         |

Weight per 1-m<sup>2</sup> of landing

555.5 kg/m<sup>2</sup>

#### SUMMARY OF LOADS FOR STAIR

| Weight per 1-m <sup>2</sup> projected plan area of ramp | 747.4 | kg/m² |
|---|-------|-------|
| Weight per 1-m <sup>2</sup> of landing                  | 555.5 | kg/m² |
| Live load per 1-m <sup>2</sup> of ramp & landing        | 500.0 | kg/m² |

#### NOTES:

1- Using the tributary area of each beam supporting the stairs, the total dead and live loads on that beam is obtained.

2- Dividing by the beam length, the linear load on the beam can be calculated.

3- In calculation of the ramp tributary area on a supporting beam, the projected plan area of ramp is considered.

|             | Project                  |          | Job Ref.   |
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### LIVE LOADS

Live loads has been selected based on ASCE 7-16 Table 4-1.

### WIND LOADING PRAMETERS

| Parameter  | Value              | Remarks |
|--|--------------------|---------|
| Structure type (enclosed, partially enclosed, or open) | Partially Enclosed |         |
| Roof type  | Flat               |         |
| Basic wind speed                                       | 140 km/h           |         |
| Risk category  | II                 |         |
| Directionality factor, kd                              | 0.85               |         |
| Topographical factor, k <sub>zt</sub>                  | 1                  |         |
| Exposure category                                      | С                  |         |
| Gust effect factor                                     | 0.85               |         |
| Topography significant? (Y/N)                          | No                 |         |
| Design method (directional, envelope, C&C)             | Directional        |         |

### SEISMIC LOADING PARAMETERS

| Parameter   | Value                        | Remarks |
|---|------------------------------|---------|
| Site class (section 11.4.2)                           | D                            |         |
| Mapped spectral acceleration parameter $S_s$          | 0.60 g                       |         |
| Mapped spectral acceleration parameter S <sub>1</sub> | 0.30 g                       |         |
| Risk category   | II                           |         |
| Seismic design category (Table 11.6-1 & 11.6-2)       | D                            |         |
| Lateral load resisting system                         | Intermediate moment<br>frame |         |
| Long-period transition period                         | 8 sec                        |         |
| Response modification factor, R                       | 5                            |         |
| System overstrength, omega                            | 3                            |         |
| Deflection amplification factor, C <sub>d</sub>       | 4.5                          |         |
| Occupancy importance, I                               | 1                            |         |

|                                      | Project                  |          | Job Ref.   |
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# STRUCTURAL CONTROL FROM ANALYSIS RESULTS

### HORIZONTAL IRREGULARITIES (ASCE 12.3.2.1)

| HORIZONTAL STRUCTURAL IRREGULARITIES  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Figure  | Description  | Type<br>(ASCE)                                     |  |
| $ \begin{array}{c} \downarrow \delta_{avg} \\ \uparrow \\ $ | $\delta_{max} < 1.2 \delta_{ave}$ No irregularity<br>$1.2 \delta_{ave} \le \delta_{max} \le 1.4 \delta_{ave}$ Irregularity<br>$\delta_{max} > 1.4 \delta_{ave}$ Extreme irregularity   | <b>1a &amp; 1b</b><br>Torsional Irregularity       |  |
| $L_{\gamma} \downarrow \rho_{\gamma}$   | Irregularity exists if:<br>$p_y > 0.15L_y$ and $p_x > 0.15L_x$   | 2<br>Reentrant Corner Irregularity                 |  |
| Open  | Irregularity exists if open area > 0.5 times floor<br>area OR if effective diaphragm stiffness vaires by<br>more than 50% from one story to the next.<br>NOTE: The provisions are not specific on how<br>effective diphragm stiffness is to be computed. | <b>3</b><br>Diphragm Discontinuity<br>Irregularity |  |
|   | The out-of-plane offset should be avoided.   | <b>4</b><br>Out-of- Plane Offset                   |  |
|   | Nonparallel system Irregularity exists when the<br>vertical lateral force resisting elements are not<br>parallel to or symmetric about the major<br>orthogonal axes of the seismic force resisting<br>system.  | <b>5</b><br>Nonparallel System<br>Irregularity     |  |

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### VERTICAL IRREGULARITIES (ASCE 12.3.2.2)

#### VERTICAL STRUCTURAL IRREGULARITIES

| Figure   | Description   | Type<br>(ASCE)   |
|--|---|--|
| Exception: Irregularity does not<br>exist if no story drift ratio is greater<br>than 1.3 times drift ratio of story above.<br>Irregularity 1b is NOT PERMITTED in<br>SDC E or F. | Irregularity (1a) exists if stiffness of any story<br>is less than 70% of the stiffness of the story<br>above or less than 80% of the average<br>stiffness of the three stories above.<br>An extreme irregularity (1b) exists if stiffness<br>of any sotry is less than 60% of the stiffness<br>of the story above or less than 70% of the<br>average stiffness of the three stories above. | <b>1a &amp; 1b</b><br>Stiffness (Soft Story)<br>Irregularity |
| δ<br>K=1/δ   | Irregularity exists if the effective mass of any<br>story is more than 150% of the effective mass<br>of an adjacent story.<br>Exception: Irregularity does not<br>exist if no story drift ratio is greater<br>than 1.3 times drift ratio of story above.  | 2<br>Weight (Mass) Irregularity                              |
| $d_{i+1} \leftrightarrow$ $d_i \leftrightarrow$ $d_{i-1} \leftarrow$   | Irregularity exists if the dimensions of the<br>lateral resisting system at any story is more<br>than 130% of that for any adjacent story.  | <b>3</b><br>Vertical Geometric<br>Irregularity               |
| d  | Irregularity exists if the offset is greater than<br>the width ( <i>d</i> ) or there exists a reduction in<br>stiffness of the story below.   | <b>4</b><br>In-Plane Discontinuity<br>Irregularity           |
|  | Irregularity (5a) exists if the lateral strength of<br>any story is less than 80% of the strength of<br>the story above.<br>An extreme irregularity (5b) exists if the lateral<br>strength of any story is less than 65% of the<br>strength of the story above.<br>Irregularities 5a and 5b are NOT<br>PERMITTED in SDC E or F.<br>Irregularity 5b not permitted in SDC D.                  | <b>5a &amp; 5b</b><br>Strength (Weak Story)<br>Irregularity  |

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# **BASEMENT RETAINING WALL ANALYSIS & DESIGN**

### RETAINING WALL ANALYSIS

### In accordance with International Building Code 2015

| Retaining wall details                  |   |
|---|---|
| Stem type;                              | Propped cantilever pinned at the base               |
| Stem height;                            | h <sub>stem</sub> = <b>2500</b> mm                  |
| Prop height;                            | h <sub>prop</sub> = <b>2500</b> mm                  |
| Stem thickness;                         | t <sub>stem</sub> = <b>200</b> mm                   |
| Angle to rear face of stem;             | $\alpha$ = 90 deg                                   |
| Stem density;                           | γ <sub>stem</sub> = <b>24</b> kN/m <sup>3</sup>     |
| Toe length;                             | I <sub>toe</sub> = <b>1000</b> mm                   |
| Base thickness;                         | t <sub>base</sub> = <b>500</b> mm                   |
| Base density;                           | γ <sub>base</sub> = <b>24</b> kN/m <sup>3</sup>     |
| Height of retained soil;                | h <sub>ret</sub> = <b>2300</b> mm                   |
| Angle of soil surface;                  | $\beta = 0 \deg$                                    |
| Depth of cover;                         | d <sub>cover</sub> = <b>0</b> mm                    |
| Retained soil properties                |   |
| Soil type;                              | Medium dense well graded sand                       |
| Moist density;                          | γ <sub>mr</sub> = <b>21</b> kN/m <sup>3</sup>       |
| Saturated density;                      | $\gamma_{sr}$ = <b>23</b> kN/m <sup>3</sup>         |
| Effective angle of internal resistance; | $\phi_r = 30 \text{ deg}$                           |
| Effective wall friction angle;          | $\delta_r = 0 \operatorname{deg}$                   |
| Base soil properties                    |   |
| Soil type;                              | Medium dense well graded sand                       |
| Soil density;                           | γ <sub>b</sub> = <b>18</b> kN/m <sup>3</sup>        |
| Cohesion;                               | $c_b = 0 \text{ kN/m}^2$                            |
| Effective angle of internal resistance; | φ <sub>b</sub> = <b>30</b> deg                      |
| Effective wall friction angle;          | $\delta_{b}$ = 15 deg                               |
| Effective base friction angle;          | $\delta_{bb} = 30 \text{ deg}$                      |
| Allowable bearing pressure;             | P <sub>bearing</sub> = <b>96</b> kN/m <sup>2</sup>  |
| Loading details                         |   |
| Dead surcharge load;                    | Surcharge <sub>D</sub> = <b>5</b> kN/m <sup>2</sup> |
| Live surcharge load;                    | Surcharge∟ <b>= 5</b> kN/m²                         |
|   |   |

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| Calculate retaining wall geometry                     |   |
|---|---|
| Base length;  | I <sub>base</sub> = I <sub>toe</sub> + t <sub>stem</sub> = <b>1200</b> mm               |
| Moist soil height;                                    | h <sub>moist</sub> = h <sub>soil</sub> = <b>2300</b> mm                                 |
| Length of surcharge load;                             | I <sub>sur</sub> = I <sub>heel</sub> = <b>0</b> mm                                      |
| <ul> <li>Distance to vertical component;</li> </ul>   | $x_{sur_v} = I_{base} - I_{heel} / 2 = 1200 \text{ mm}$                                 |
| Effective height of wall;                             | $h_{eff}$ = $h_{base}$ + $d_{cover}$ + $h_{ret}$ = <b>2800</b> mm                       |
| <ul> <li>Distance to horizontal component;</li> </ul> | x <sub>sur_h</sub> = h <sub>eff</sub> / 2 = <b>1400</b> mm                              |
| Area of wall stem;                                    | $A_{stem}$ = $h_{stem} \times t_{stem}$ = <b>0.5</b> m <sup>2</sup>                     |
| <ul> <li>Distance to vertical component;</li> </ul>   | x <sub>stem</sub> = I <sub>toe</sub> + t <sub>stem</sub> / 2 = <b>1100</b> mm           |
| Area of wall base;                                    | $A_{\text{base}} = I_{\text{base}} \times t_{\text{base}} = 0.6 \text{ m}^2$            |
| - Distance to vertical component;                     | x <sub>base</sub> = I <sub>base</sub> / 2 = <b>600</b> mm                               |
| Using Rankine theory                                  |   |
| At rest pressure coefficient;                         | $K_0 = 1 - \sin(\phi_r) = 0.500$  |
| Passive pressure coefficient;                         | $K_{P} = (1 + sin(\phi_{b})) / (1 - sin(\phi_{b})) = 3.000$                             |
| From IBC 2015 cl.1807.2.3 Safety factor               |   |
| Load combination 1;                                   | $1.0 \times \text{Dead}$ + $1.0 \times \text{Live}$ + $1.0 \times \text{Lateral earth}$ |
| Bearing pressure check                                |   |
| Vertical forces on wall                               |   |
| Wall stem;  | $F_{stem} = A_{stem} \times \gamma_{stem} = 12 \text{ kN/m}$                            |
| Wall base;  | $F_{base}$ = $A_{base} \times \gamma_{base}$ = <b>14.4</b> kN/m                         |
| Total;  | F <sub>total_v</sub> = F <sub>stem</sub> + F <sub>base</sub> = <b>26.4</b> kN/m         |

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#### Horizontal forces on wall

| Surcharge load;           | $F_{sur_h} = K_0 \times (Surcharge_D + Surcharge_L) \times h_{eff} = 14 \text{ kN/m}$                                |
|---------------------------|--|
| Moist retained soil;      | $F_{moist_h}$ = $K_0 \times \gamma_{mr} \times h_{eff}^2$ / 2 = <b>41.2</b> kN/m                                     |
| Base soil;                | $F_{pass_h}$ = -K <sub>P</sub> × $\gamma_b$ × (d <sub>cover</sub> + h <sub>base</sub> ) <sup>2</sup> / 2 = -6.7 kN/m |
| Total;                    | F <sub>total_h</sub> = F <sub>moist_h</sub> + F <sub>pass_h</sub> + F <sub>sur_h</sub> = <b>48.4</b> kN/m            |
| Moments on wall           |  |
| Wall stem;                | M <sub>stem</sub> = F <sub>stem</sub> × x <sub>stem</sub> = <b>13.2</b> kNm/m  |
| Wall base;                | M <sub>base</sub> = F <sub>base</sub> × x <sub>base</sub> = <b>8.6</b> kNm/m   |
| Total;                    | M <sub>total</sub> = M <sub>stem</sub> + M <sub>base</sub> + M <sub>sur</sub> = <b>21.8</b> kNm/m                    |
| Check bearing pressure    |  |
| Distance to reaction;     | $\overline{\mathbf{x}} = \mathbf{M}_{\text{total}} / \mathbf{F}_{\text{total}_{v}} = 827 \text{ mm}$                 |
| Eccentricity of reaction; | e = x - I <sub>base</sub> / 2 = <b>227</b> mm  |
| Loaded length of base;    | $I_{load} = 3 \times (I_{base} - \overline{x}) = 1118 \text{ mm}$  |
| Bearing pressure at toe;  | $q_{toe} = 0 \text{ kN/m}^2$   |
| Bearing pressure at heel; | $q_{\text{heel}} = 2 \times F_{\text{total}_v} / I_{\text{load}} = 47.2 \text{ kN/m}^2$                              |
| Factor of safety;         | FoS <sub>bp</sub> = P <sub>bearing</sub> / max(q <sub>toe</sub> , q <sub>heel</sub> ) = <b>2.033</b> ;               |

PASS - Allowable bearing pressure exceeds maximum applied bearing pressure

#### **RETAINING WALL DESIGN**

In accordance with ACI 318-14

**Concrete details** 

| Compressive strength of concrete;       | f' <sub>c</sub> = <b>28</b> N/mm <sup>2</sup>    |
|---|--|
| Concrete type;                          | Normal weight                                    |
| Reinforcement details                   |  |
| Yield strength of reinforcement;        | fy = <b>420</b> N/mm <sup>2</sup>                |
| Modulus of elasticity or reinforcement; | E <sub>s</sub> = <b>199948</b> N/mm <sup>2</sup> |
| Cover to reinforcement                  |  |
| Front face of stem;                     | c <sub>sf</sub> = <b>40</b> mm                   |
| Rear face of stem;                      | c <sub>sr</sub> = <b>50</b> mm                   |
| Top face of base;                       | c <sub>bt</sub> = <b>50</b> mm                   |

## Bottom face of base; $c_{bb} = 75 \text{ mm}$

### From IBC 2015 cl.1605.2.1 Basic load combinations

| Load combination no.1; | 1.4 × Dead   |
|------------------------|--|
| Load combination no.2; | $1.2 \times Dead$ + 1.6 $\times$ Live + 1.6 $\times$ Lateral earth   |
| Load combination no.3; | $1.2 \times \text{Dead}$ + $1.0 \times \text{Earthquake}$ + $1.0 \times \text{Live}$ + $1.6 \times \text{Lateral earth}$ |
| Load combination no.4; | $0.9 \times Dead$ + 1.0 $\times$ Earthquake + 1.6 $\times$ Lateral earth   |

Tedds calculation version 2.9.02

|                     | Project                  |          | Job Ref.   |
|---------------------|--------------------------|----------|------------|
|                     | Transit Center           |          |            |
| 16                  | Section                  |          | Sheet no./ |
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| h com                                 | Project                  |          | Job Ref.   |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------|------------|
|                                       | Transit Center           |          |            |
| 6                                     | Section                  |          | Sheet no./ |
|                                       |                          |          | 14         |
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| Check stem design at 1080 mm                     |  |
|--|--|
| Depth of section;                                | h = <b>200</b> mm  |
| Rectangular section in flexure - Section 22.     | 3  |
| Design bending moment combination 2;             | M = <b>19.6</b> kNm/m  |
| Depth of tension reinforcement;                  | $d = h - c_{sf} - \phi_{sx} - \phi_{sfM} / 2 = 136 \text{ mm}$   |
| Compression reinforcement provided;              | 16 mm dia bars @ 250 mm c/c  |
| Area of compression reinforcement provided;      | $A_{srM.prov} = \pi \times \phi_{srM^2} / (4 \times s_{srM}) = 804 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$                              |
| Tension reinforcement provided;                  | 16 mm dia bars @ 250 mm c/c  |
| Area of tension reinforcement provided;          | $A_{sfM.prov}$ = $\pi \times \phi_{sfM^2}$ / (4 $\times s_{sfM}$ ) = 804 mm <sup>2</sup> /m                            |
| Maximum reinforcement spacing - cl.11.7.2;       | s <sub>max</sub> = min(18 in, 3 × h) = <b>457</b> mm   |
|  | PASS - Reinforcement is adequately spaced  |
| Depth of compression block;                      | a = $A_{sfM.prov} \times f_y / (0.85 \times f_c)$ = <b>14</b> mm   |
| Neutral axis factor - cl.22.2.2.4.3;             | $\beta_1 = min(max(0.85 - 0.05 \times (f_c - 28 \text{ N/mm}^2) / 7 \text{ N/mm}^2, 0.65), 0.85)$                      |
|  | = 0.85   |
| Depth to neutral axis;                           | c = a / β <sub>1</sub> = <b>17</b> mm  |
| Strain in reinforcement;                         | $\epsilon_t = 0.003 \times (d - c) / c = 0.021435$   |
|  | Section is in the tension controlled zone  |
| Strength reduction factor;                       | $\phi_f = min(max(0.65 + (\epsilon_t - 0.002) \times (250 / 3), 0.65), 0.9) = 0.9$                                     |
| Nominal flexural strength;                       | $M_n = A_{sfM,prov} \times f_y \times (d - a / 2) = 43.5 \text{ kNm/m}$  |
| Design flexural strength;                        | $\phi M_n = \phi_f \times M_n = 39.2 \text{ kNm/m}$  |
|  | M / φM <sub>n</sub> = <b>0.499</b>   |
| PA   | SS - Design flexural strength exceeds factored bending moment  |
| By iteration, reinforcement required by analysis | s; A <sub>sfM.des</sub> = <b>391</b> mm <sup>2</sup> /m  |
| Minimum area of reinforcement - cl.9.6.1.2;      | $A_{sfM.min}$ = max(0.25 × $\sqrt{(f_c \times 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)}$ , 1.4 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ) × d / f <sub>y</sub> = 453 |
| mm²/m  |  |

PASS - Area of reinforcement provided is greater than minimum area of reinforcement required

Check stem design at base of stem

Depth of section;

| P   | roject   |  |  | Job Ref.  |
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| Towreathahr   | alc. by<br>F Ali Akbai   | Shaikhzadeh  | Chk'd by   | Date 4/8/2016   |
| Construction Company E. All AKDAI   |  | GhaikhZudoh  |  | 40/2010   |
|   |  |  |  |   |
| Rectangular section in shear - Se   | ection 22.5  |  |  |   |
| Design shear force;   |  | V = <b>39.5</b> kN/n   | า  |   |
| Concrete modification factor - cl.19  | .2.4;  | $\lambda = 1$  |  |   |
| Nominal concrete shear strength -   | eqn.22.5.5.  | 1;   | $V_c = 0.$   | $17 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{(\mathbf{f'_c} \times 1 \text{ N/mm^2}) \times \mathbf{d}}$ |
| = <b>122.3</b> kN/m   |  |  |  |   |
| Strength reduction factor;  |  | φs <b>= 0.75</b>   |  |   |
| Design concrete shear strength - c  | .11.5.1.1;   | $\phi V_c = \phi_s \times V_c$   | = <b>91.8</b> kN/m   |   |
|   |  | V / $\phi V_c = 0.43$  | 1  |   |
|   |  | ·  | PASS - No shea   | r reinforcement is required   |
| Chack stom dosign at prop   |  |  |  |   |
| Denth of section:   |  | h = <b>200</b> mm  |  |   |
|   |  | – 200 !!!!!  |  |   |
| Rectangular section in shear - Se   | ection 22.5  |  |  |   |
| Design shear force;   |  | V = <b>21</b> kN/m   |  |   |
| Concrete modification factor - cl.19  | .2.4;  | $\lambda = 1$  |  | ,   |
| Nominal concrete shear strength -   | eqn.22.5.5.  | 1;   | $V_{c} = 0.7$  | $17 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f_c \times 1 \text{ N/mm}^2} \times d$                      |
| = <b>122.3</b> kN/m   |  |  |  |   |
| Strength reduction factor;  |  | $\phi_s = 0.75$  |  |   |
| Design concrete shear strength - c  | 1.11.5.1.1;  | $\phi V_c = \phi_s \times V_c$   | = <b>91.8</b> kN/m   |   |
|   |  | $V / \phi V_c = 0.22$  | 9  |   |
|   |  |  | PASS - No shea   | r reinforcement is required   |
| Horizontal reinforcement paralle  | l to face of   | stem   |  |   |
| Minimum area of reinforcement - cl  | .11.6.1;   | $A_{sx.req} = 0.002$   | . × t <sub>stem</sub> = <b>400</b> mm²/m   |   |
| Transverse reinforcement provided   | <b>,</b>   | 16 mm dia @  | 200 mm c/c each face   |   |
| Area of transverse reinforcement p  | rovided;   | $A_{sx.prov} = 2 \times \pi$   | $x \times \phi_{sx}^2 / (4 \times s_{sx}) = 2011 \text{ m}$  | ım²/m   |
| PASS - Ar   | ea of reinfo   | prcement prov  | ided is greater than area  | a of reinforcement required   |
| Rectangular section in shear - S  | action 22 5  | -  | -  |   |
| Design shear force:   |  | V = 8.1  kN/m  |  |   |
| Concrete modification factor - cl 19  | 21.  | $\lambda = 1$  |  |   |
| Nominal concrete shear strength   | 2.2.7,   | - ,  | $V_{\rm c} = 0$  | $17 \vee 2 \vee 2/(f \vee 1 \text{ N}/\text{mm}^2) \vee d$                                  |
|   | eqn.22.3.3.  |  | $\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{C}} = \mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{C}}$  |   |
| - 122 3 kN/m  |  | .,   |  | $17 \times 1 \times 10^{-1} \times 10^{-1} \times 10^{-1}$                                  |
| = <b>122.3</b> kN/m   |  | ·,<br>+ = 0.75   |  | 17 × λ × ν(ι c × 1 <b>ν</b> /mm-) × α   |
| = <b>122.3</b> kN/m<br>Strength reduction factor;   | 7004   | φs = <b>0.75</b>   | 04.0 101/1   | 17 × λ × ν(ι c × ι ι <b>ν</b> /ιιιιι-) × α  |
| <ul> <li>= 122.3 kN/m</li> <li>Strength reduction factor;</li> <li>Design concrete shear strength - cl</li> </ul>   | 1.7.6.3.1;   | $\phi_{s} = 0.75$ $\phi_{Vc} = \phi_{s} \times V_{c}$  | = <b>91.8</b> kN/m   | 17 × λ × ν(ι c × τ ι <b>ν</b> /ιιιιι-) × α  |
| = <b>122.3</b> kN/m<br>Strength reduction factor;<br>Design concrete shear strength - cl  | 1.7.6.3.1;   | $ φ_s = 0.75 $ $ φV_c = φ_s × V_c $ $ V / φV_c = 0.08 $  | = 91.8 kN/m<br>9   | 17 × λ × ν(ι <sub>c</sub> × ι ι <b>ν</b> /ιιιιι-) × α                                       |
| = <b>122.3</b> kN/m<br>Strength reduction factor;<br>Design concrete shear strength - cl  | 1.7.6.3.1;   | $φ_{s} = 0.75$<br>$φV_{c} = φ_{s} × V_{c}$<br>$V / φV_{c} = 0.08$  | = 91.8 kN/m<br>9<br><i>PASS - No shea</i>  | r reinforcement is required   |
| <ul> <li>= 122.3 kN/m</li> <li>Strength reduction factor;</li> <li>Design concrete shear strength - cl</li> <li>Check base design at toe</li> </ul>   | l.7.6.3.1;   | $\phi_{s} = 0.75$<br>$\phi V_{c} = \phi_{s} \times V_{c}$<br>$V / \phi V_{c} = 0.08$   | = 91.8 kN/m<br>9<br><i>PASS - No shea</i>  | r reinforcement is required   |
| <ul> <li>= 122.3 kN/m</li> <li>Strength reduction factor;</li> <li>Design concrete shear strength - cl</li> <li>Check base design at toe</li> <li>Depth of section;</li> </ul>  | l.7.6.3.1;   | φ <sub>s</sub> = <b>0.75</b><br>φV <sub>c</sub> = φ <sub>s</sub> × V <sub>c</sub><br>V / φV <sub>c</sub> = <b>0.08</b><br>h = <b>500</b> mm  | = 91.8 kN/m<br>9<br><i>PASS - No shea</i>  | r reinforcement is required   |
| <ul> <li>= 122.3 kN/m</li> <li>Strength reduction factor;</li> <li>Design concrete shear strength - cl</li> <li>Check base design at toe</li> <li>Depth of section;</li> <li>Rectangular section in flexure - \$</li> </ul>   | I.7.6.3.1;<br>Section 22.  | φ <sub>s</sub> = 0.75<br>φV <sub>c</sub> = φ <sub>s</sub> × V <sub>c</sub><br>V / φV <sub>c</sub> = 0.08<br>h = 500 mm   | = 91.8 kN/m<br>9<br><i>PASS - No shea</i>  | r reinforcement is required   |
| <ul> <li>= 122.3 kN/m</li> <li>Strength reduction factor;</li> <li>Design concrete shear strength - cl</li> <li>Check base design at toe</li> <li>Depth of section;</li> <li>Rectangular section in flexure - S</li> <li>Design bending moment combination</li> </ul>   | I.7.6.3.1;<br><b>Section 22</b> .<br>on 1;                       | φ <sub>s</sub> = 0.75<br>φV <sub>c</sub> = φ <sub>s</sub> × V <sub>c</sub><br>V / φV <sub>c</sub> = 0.08<br>h = 500 mm<br>3<br>M = 1.8 kNm/  | = 91.8 kN/m<br>9<br><i>PASS - No shea</i><br>m   | r reinforcement is required   |
| <ul> <li>= 122.3 kN/m</li> <li>Strength reduction factor;</li> <li>Design concrete shear strength - cl</li> <li>Check base design at toe</li> <li>Depth of section;</li> <li>Rectangular section in flexure - S</li> <li>Design bending moment combination</li> <li>Depth of tension reinforcement;</li> </ul>  | I.7.6.3.1;<br><b>Section 22</b> .<br>on 1;                       | φ <sub>s</sub> = 0.75<br>φV <sub>c</sub> = φ <sub>s</sub> × V <sub>c</sub><br>V / φV <sub>c</sub> = 0.08<br>h = 500 mm<br>3<br>M = 1.8 kNm/<br>d = h - c <sub>bt</sub> - φ <sub>b</sub>  | = 91.8 kN/m<br>9<br><i>PASS - No shea</i><br>m<br>t / 2 = 442 mm   | r reinforcement is required   |
| <ul> <li>= 122.3 kN/m</li> <li>Strength reduction factor;</li> <li>Design concrete shear strength - cl</li> <li>Check base design at toe</li> <li>Depth of section;</li> <li>Rectangular section in flexure - S</li> <li>Design bending moment combination</li> <li>Depth of tension reinforcement;</li> <li>Compression reinforcement provided</li> </ul>  | I.7.6.3.1;<br><b>Section 22.</b><br>on 1;<br>ed;                 | $\phi_{s} = 0.75$<br>$\phi V_{c} = \phi_{s} \times V_{c}$<br>$V / \phi V_{c} = 0.08$<br>h = 500  mm<br>3<br>M = 1.8  kNm/<br>$d = h - c_{bt} - \phi_{b}$<br>16  mm dia ba  | = <b>91.8</b> kN/m<br>9<br><i>PASS - No shea</i><br>m<br>t / 2 = <b>442</b> mm<br>rs @ 200 mm c/c  | r reinforcement is required   |
| <ul> <li>= 122.3 kN/m</li> <li>Strength reduction factor;</li> <li>Design concrete shear strength - cl</li> <li>Check base design at toe</li> <li>Depth of section;</li> <li>Rectangular section in flexure - S</li> <li>Design bending moment combination</li> <li>Depth of tension reinforcement;</li> <li>Compression reinforcement provided</li> <li>Area of compression reinforcement</li> </ul>           | I.7.6.3.1;<br><b>Section 22</b> .<br>on 1;<br>ed;<br>t provided; | $\phi_{s} = 0.75$<br>$\phi V_{c} = \phi_{s} \times V_{c}$<br>$V / \phi V_{c} = 0.08$<br>h = 500  mm<br>3<br>M = 1.8  kNm/<br>$d = h - c_{bt} - \phi_{b}$<br>16  mm dia ba<br>$A_{bb.prov} = \pi \times \phi$                         | = 91.8 kN/m<br>9<br><i>PASS - No shea</i><br>m<br>t / 2 = 442 mm<br>rs @ 200 mm c/c<br>pbb <sup>2</sup> / (4 × sbb) = 1005 mm <sup>2</sup>   | <i>r reinforcement is required</i>  |
| <ul> <li>= 122.3 kN/m</li> <li>Strength reduction factor;</li> <li>Design concrete shear strength - cl</li> <li>Check base design at toe</li> <li>Depth of section;</li> <li>Rectangular section in flexure - S</li> <li>Design bending moment combination</li> <li>Depth of tension reinforcement;</li> <li>Compression reinforcement provided</li> <li>Area of compression reinforcement provided;</li> </ul> | I.7.6.3.1;<br><b>Section 22.</b><br>on 1;<br>ed;<br>t provided;  | $\phi_{s} = 0.75$ $\phi V_{c} = \phi_{s} \times V_{c}$ $V / \phi V_{c} = 0.08$ $h = 500 \text{ mm}$ $M = 1.8 \text{ kNm/}$ $d = h - c_{bt} - \phi_{b}$ $16 \text{ mm dia ba}$ $A_{bb.prov} = \pi \times \phi$ $16 \text{ mm dia ba}$ | = <b>91.8</b> kN/m<br>9<br><i>PASS - No shea</i><br>m<br>t / 2 = <b>442</b> mm<br>rs @ 200 mm c/c<br>pbb <sup>2</sup> / (4 × sbb) = <b>1005</b> mm <sup>2</sup><br>rs @ 200 mm c/c | <i>r reinforcement is required</i>  |

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| Tower That | E. Ali Akbar Shaikhzadeh |          | 4/8/2016   |

Maximum reinforcement spacing - cl.7.7.2.3;  $s_{max} = min(18 in, 3 \times h) = 457 mm$ PASS - Reinforcement is adequately spaced Depth of compression block;  $a = A_{bt.prov} \times f_y / (0.85 \times f'_c) = 18 \text{ mm}$ Neutral axis factor - cl.22.2.2.4.3;  $\beta_1 = \min(\max(0.85 - 0.05 \times (f_c - 28 \text{ N/mm}^2) / 7 \text{ N/mm}^2, 0.65), 0.85)$ = 0.85  $c = a / \beta_1 = 21 \text{ mm}$ Depth to neutral axis; Strain in reinforcement;  $\epsilon_t = 0.003 \times (d - c) / c = 0.060532$ Section is in the tension controlled zone Strength reduction factor;  $\phi_f = \min(\max(0.65 + (\varepsilon_t - 0.002) \times (250 / 3), 0.65), 0.9) = 0.9$ Nominal flexural strength;  $M_n = A_{bt.prov} \times f_y \times (d - a / 2) = 182.9 \text{ kNm/m}$ Design flexural strength;  $\phi M_n = \phi_f \times M_n =$ **164.6** kNm/m  $M / \phi M_n = 0.011$ PASS - Design flexural strength exceeds factored bending moment By iteration, reinforcement required by analysis; Abt.des = 11 mm<sup>2</sup>/m Minimum area of reinforcement - cl.7.6.1.1;  $A_{bt.min} = 0.0018 \times h = 900 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$ PASS - Area of reinforcement provided is greater than minimum area of reinforcement required

### Transverse reinforcement parallel to base

| Minimum area of reinforcement - cl.76.1.1; | $A_{\text{bx.req}} = 0.0018 \times t_{\text{base}} = \textbf{900} \text{ mm}^2\text{/m}$ |
|--|--|
| Transverse reinforcement provided;         | 16 mm dia @ 200 mm c/c each face   |

Area of transverse reinforcement provided;

 $A_{bx,prov} = 2 \times \pi \times \phi_{bx}^2 / (4 \times s_{bx}) = 2011 \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$ 

PASS - Area of reinforcement provided is greater than area of reinforcement required



Reinforcement details

|                                      | Project                  |            | Job Ref. |
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# FRAME DESIGN

The frame of the building has been analysed and designed in ETABS software. Some figures of the model are shown below. However, due to the lengthy calculations and tables, the software complete report has not been added here and will be sent upon request.



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|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|----------|
|                                      | Transi                   |            |          |
| 6                                    | Section                  | Sheet no./ |          |
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| -78.0 -65.0 -5 | 2.0 | -39.0 | -26.0 | -13.0 | 0.0 | 13.0 | 26.0 | 39.0 | 52.0 | 65.0 | 78.0 |   |



|                                      | Project                  | Job Ref.   |          |
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| T                                    | Transi                   |            |          |
| 6                                    | Section                  | Sheet no./ |          |
|                                      |                          |            | 19       |
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# FOUNDATION & SLABS DESIGN

The foundation and slabs of the building has been designed in SAFE 2016 software. Some figures of the model are shown below. However, due to the lengthy calculations and tables, the software report has not been added here and will be sent upon request.

### **Basement foundation**







**Ground Floor Foundation** 

|              | Project                  | Job Ref.   |          |
|--------------|--------------------------|------------|----------|
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|              | Section                  | Sheet no./ |          |
|              |                          | 21         |          |
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|             | Project                  |          | Job Ref.   |
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| T           | Transi                   |          |            |
|             | Section                  |          | Sheet no./ |
| 2           |                          |          | 22         |
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|              | Project                  |            | Job Ref. |
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| 6            | Section                  | Sheet no./ |          |
|              |                          | 23         |          |
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### **Ground Floor Slab**



|             | Project                  |          | Job Ref.   |
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| T           | Transi                   |          |            |
|             | Section                  |          | Sheet no./ |
| 2           |                          |          | 24         |
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| T                                    | Transi                   |            |          |
| 6                                    | Section                  | Sheet no./ |          |
|                                      |                          |            | 25       |
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### **Roof Slab**



|                                      | Project                  |          | Job Ref.   |
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| T                                    | Transi                   |          |            |
| 6                                    | Section                  |          | Sheet no./ |
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